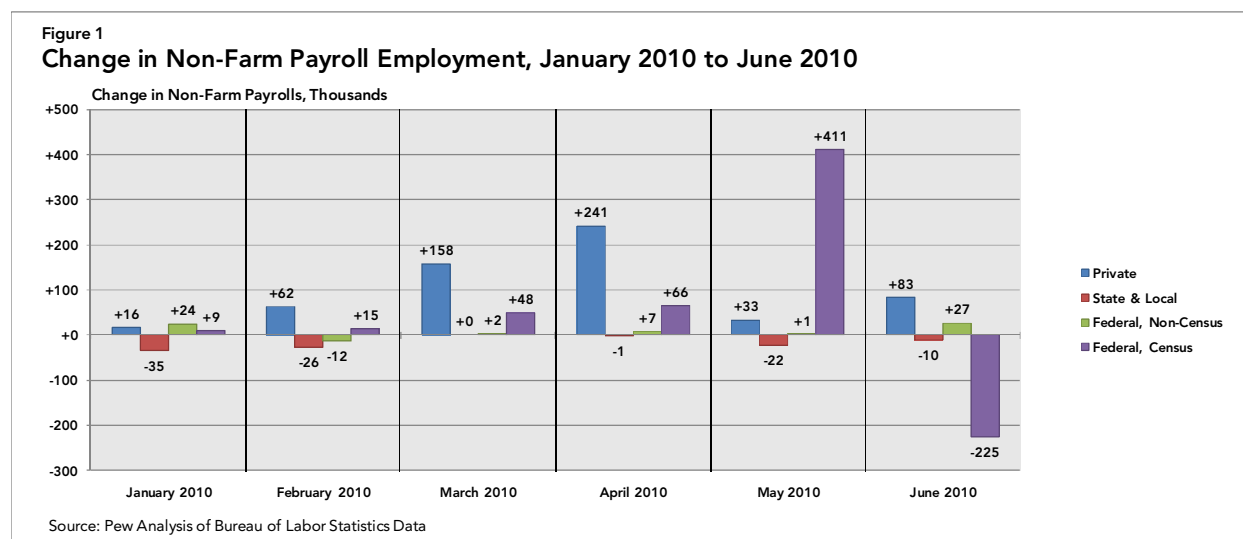


Fiscal Facts: June 2010 Unemployment

July 7, 2010

On July 2, 2010, the Bureau of Labor Statistics released the June Employment Situation Report.¹ This report, which is issued monthly, provides the national unemployment rate, as well as the number of jobs gained or lost over the past month. Below are some key findings from this report.²

- **Total non-farm payroll employment** declined by 125,000 in June. The decline reflects a decrease of 225,000 temporary employees working on the 2010 Census.
- The **unemployment rate** fell to 9.5 percent (down from 9.7 percent in May)
- The **under-employment rate**—which includes discouraged workers and those who are working part-time but want to work full-time—fell slightly to 16.5 percent (from 16.6 percent in May)
- The **labor force participation rate**—which measures the percentage of the population that is in the labor force—fell to 64.7 percent (from 65.0 percent in May). This suggests that some would-be workers are staying out of the labor market. As the economy recovers, more people may enter the labor force and start looking for jobs, which could cause the unemployment rate to rise.
- Of the unemployed, 45.5 percent have been out of work for **six months or longer**, down from 46.0 percent in May.
- Of the unemployed, 29.1 percent have been out of work for **one year or longer** (not seasonally adjusted).³
- Contribution to the change in overall employment:
 - Federal hiring subtracted 198,000 jobs
 - Private hiring added 83,000 jobs
 - State and local layoffs subtracted 10,000 jobs



1 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. *The Employment Situation*. June 2010.

2 All figures, unless noted, are seasonally adjusted

3 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Household Data. Table A-35.

<http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cpseea35.pdf>