

# Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria is a Growing Threat

Where superbugs come from and what can be done to combat them

**Antibiotic-resistant bacteria pose an urgent and growing public health threat.**

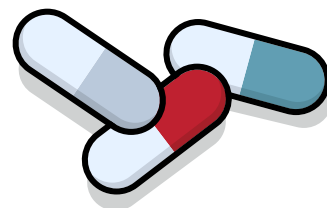


**Common bacteria**, such as those causing strep throat, urinary tract infections, and gonorrhea, are becoming **increasingly difficult to treat**.

Without effective antibiotics, even **simple infections could become deadly**, making medical procedures like surgery, chemotherapy, and dialysis too dangerous.

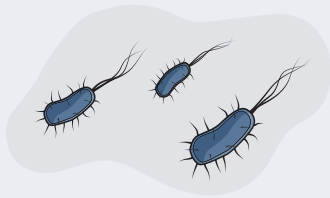
## 2.8 million

antibiotic-resistant infections occur in the U.S. each year.



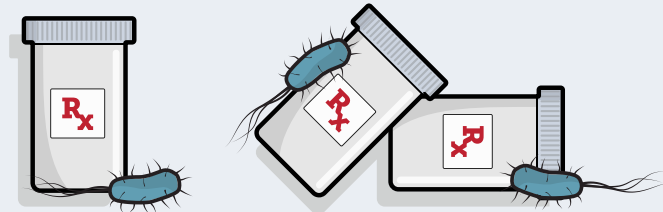
**More than 35,000 die as a result.**

## How do bacteria become resistant to antibiotics?



Bacteria are constantly evolving to beat the drugs used to fight them. As bacteria mutate, some develop the ability to **fight off different antibiotics** and survive to multiply and spread resistance.

Sooner or later, those **superbugs will evolve** to defeat every antibiotic on the pharmacy shelf, so **new drugs** to fight infections **will always be needed**.



## What is driving the rise in multidrug-resistant superbugs?

The more antibiotics are used, the less effective they become. Unnecessary and inappropriate use accelerates that process.



In human health care:

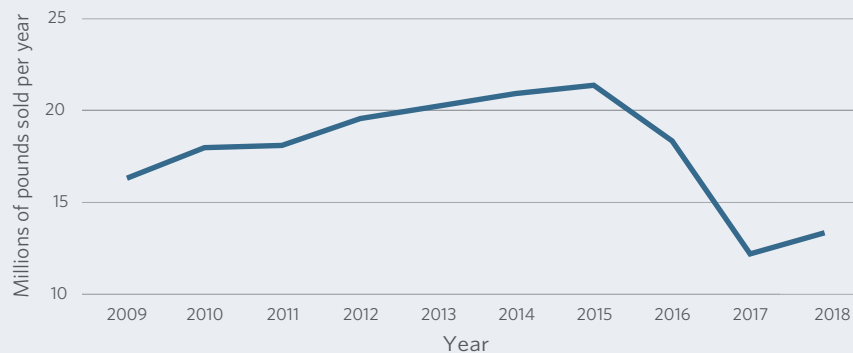
# 1 in 3

antibiotic prescriptions written in doctors' offices, emergency rooms, and hospital-based clinics are **unnecessary**—this equals about **47 million prescriptions each year**.

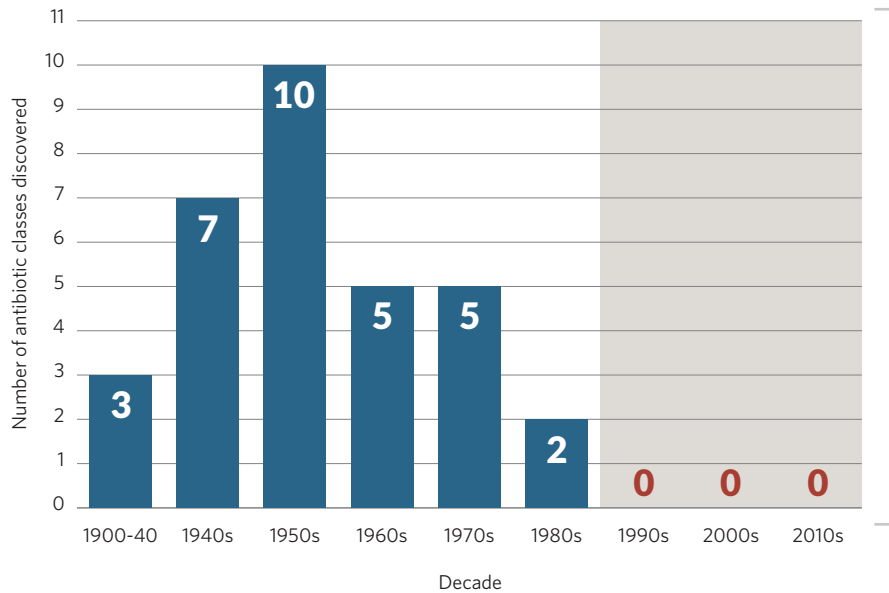
On the farm:

# 13

million pounds of antibiotics important to human medicine were **sold for use in food animals** in 2018.



Meanwhile, discovery of novel antibiotics is not keeping pace with the emergence of new superbugs.



**35-**  
**year gap**

Every FDA-approved antibiotic in use today is based on a scientific discovery from 1984 or earlier.

## What can be done to combat antibiotic-resistant bacteria?

### Better stewardship for existing antibiotics

**Eliminate inappropriate use** of these lifesaving drugs in both humans and animals.



Reduce the need for antibiotics by using **alternative** and **nontraditional approaches** to disease treatment and prevention.

### Innovation to find new types of antibiotics

Support **targeted research** initiatives to overcome scientific challenges impeding the discovery of new antibiotics.

Address the complex economic barriers hindering the development of **new treatment options** for patients.



**Together, these efforts will help save antibiotics and protect the health of patients today and for generations to come.**



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*Editor's note: This infographic was updated in July 2020 to reflect the release of the most recent data.*

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**For further information, please visit:**  
**[pewtrusts.org/antibiotic-resistance-project](https://pewtrusts.org/antibiotic-resistance-project)**

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