

Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria Explained

Where superbugs come from and what can be done to combat them

Antibiotic-resistant bacteria pose an urgent and growing public health threat.



Common bacteria, such as those causing strep throat and urinary tract infections, are becoming increasingly difficult to treat.

Without effective antibiotics, even simple infections could become deadly, making routine medical procedures like surgery, chemotherapy, and dialysis too dangerous.

2 million

Americans get antibiotic-resistant infections every year.



More than 20,000 die as a result.

How do bacteria become resistant to antibiotics?



Bacteria are constantly evolving to beat the drugs used to fight them. As bacteria mutate, some develop the ability **to fight off different antibiotics** and survive to multiply and spread resistance.

Sooner or later, those **superbugs will evolve** to defeat every antibiotic on the pharmacy shelf, so **new drugs** to fight infections **will always be needed.**





What is driving the rise in multidrug-resistant superbugs?

The more antibiotics are used, the less effective they become. Unnecessary and inappropriate use accelerates that process.



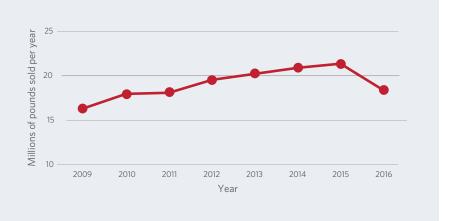
In human health care:

1 in 3

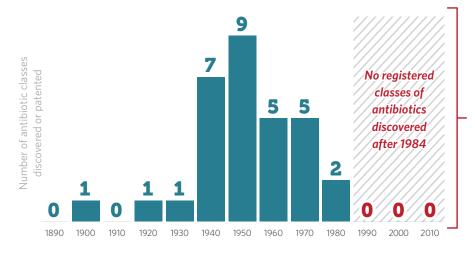
antibiotic prescriptions written in doctors' offices, emergency rooms, and hospital-based clinics are **unnecessary**—this equals about **47 million prescriptions** each year.

On the farm:

million pounds
of antibiotics
important to
human medicine
were sold for use
in food animals
in 2016.



Meanwhile, discovery of novel antibiotics is not keeping pace with the emergence of new superbugs.



30-year gap
Nearly every antibiotic
in use today is based on
a discovery made more
than 30 years ago.

What can be done to combat antibiotic-resistant bacteria?

Better stewardship for existing antibiotics

Eliminate inappropriate use of these lifesaving drugs in both humans and animals.

Reduce the need for antibiotics by using alternative and nontraditional approaches to disease treatment and prevention.

Innovation to find new types of antibiotics

Support **targeted research** initiatives to overcome scientific challenges impeding the discovery of new antibiotics.

Address the complex barriers hindering the development of **new treatment options** for patients.

Together, these efforts will help save antibiotics and protect the health of patients today and for generations to come.



For further information, please visit: pewtrusts.org/antibiotic-resistance-project **Contact:** Heather Cable, manager, communications

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Project website: pewtrusts.org/antibiotic-resistance-project