

Paruru to tatou moana!

pentrusts.org/heritagemondialdesoceans-pf

The world's oceans are in crisis. Nearly 90 per cent of global fish stocks are over or fully exploited. Only 3 per cent of ocean waters are protected. Marine scientists and international organizations agree that at least 30 per cent must be protected to preserve and protect the sea's special places and ensure healthy fish stocks.

Still, there are bright spots. French Polynesia in the South Pacific Ocean is one such place. Spanning an area equal to the land size of the European Union, the waters surrounding these islands are home to some of the world's healthiest and largest fish populations. Much of this is because industrial fishing here has been limited—less than half of French Polynesia's waters are fished. And the fishing that does take place is done only by Polynesians who do not use fishing nets that harm underwater habitats.

With 5 million square kilometers of ocean, French Polynesia has an opportunity to protect a vast area. Establishing marine protected areas before it is too late would help ensure the health of fish stocks throughout its territorial waters. These areas would foster a healthy marine environment for corals, whales, sharks, and turtles—species that are important to Polynesian culture and to ecotourism.

The Pew Charitable Trusts, through the Global Ocean Legacy project, is working with governments, fishermen, scientists, civic associations, and local communities around the world to help create large marine reserves for the long-term health of our oceans. In French Polynesia, Pew is joining with officials and the public in an effort to help implement the government's commitment to protect at least 20 per cent of Polynesian waters by 2020. By engaging a wide range of people, we hope to identify conservation approaches that have broad support and honor traditional Polynesian wisdom. One of these is the rahui—the age-old practice of restricting access to an area for conservation purposes.

French Polynesia's waters are a bright spot in our ocean. We invite you to celebrate this special place through Benjamin Bécue's illustrations. We hope these illustrations, created in collaboration with Pew's team in French Polynesia, will inspire readers of all ages to discover how marine protected areas can protect French Polynesia's unique waters for generations to come.







Worldwide, 4.7 million boats take over 90 million tons of fish from the ocean each year.

The equivalent of: 18 Pyramids one in I am out of here!

Nearly 90% of global fish stocks are over or fully exploited. Choose !! hoose

Industrial fishing can be very destructrive. One very powerful vessel can catch as much fish as all the fishermen of French Polynesia You don't combined. play with the big boys!



...and throw away what they don't want—the bycatch.

As much as 40% of the catch worldwide is bycatch, and these fish are discarded alive or dead. Most fish are caught before they are old enough to reproduce.

Many marine species are critically endangered, including certain whales and turtles.





But we do not talk enough about ...



In fact, the bluefin tuna is endangered and the International Union for Conservation of Nature has added it to

its RED LIST of threatened species.



96% of pacific bluelin tuna stocks have disappeared.



Today, only

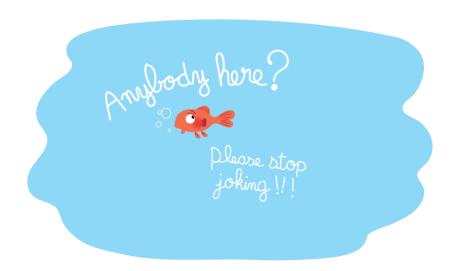
3% of the world's ocean

area is protected. Hey, Honey, don't wait for me for dinner. I'll be late.

Many fish no longer have a quiet place to breed.



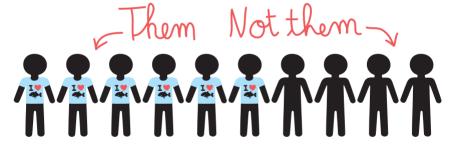
If we do nothing, in 20 years there will be far fewer fish in the ocean.

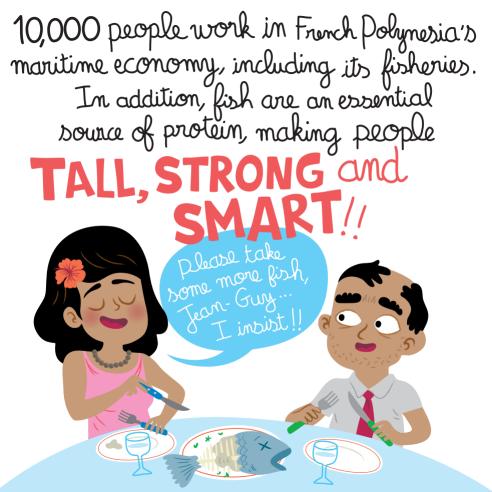


... And some species will survive only as souvenirs...



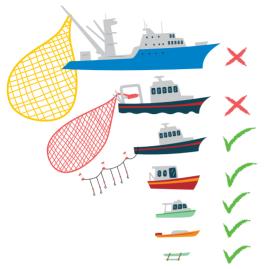
This is serious, because more than 4.3 billion people, over half the world's population, eat fish.





With 5 million square kilometers of ocean, French Polynesia is one of the last havens for fish.





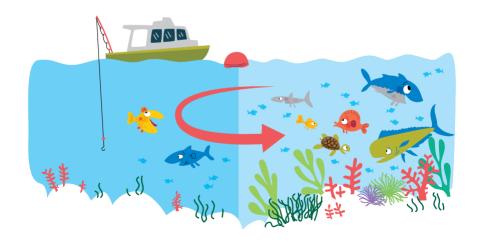
Fishing is restricted. Only Pohynesians can fish, and destructive techniques are banned.

Thanks to these measures, French Polynesian fish stocks are still healthy. Because industrial fishing has been limited, only 40% of French Polynesia's waters are fished. That leaves nearly 3 million square hilameters well preserved.

But international trade pressures are increasing: 1,600 foreign versels fish at the edge of our exclusive economic

Today in French Polynésia, only 0.05% of the ocean area is legally protected. There is no guarantee we can protect this blue paradise over the long term. One way to preserve our fish stocks is to create: le Marine notected

The principle is simple: Industrial fishing is banned in specific areas, the fish there grow and reproduce, and these nurseries benefit surrounding waters.

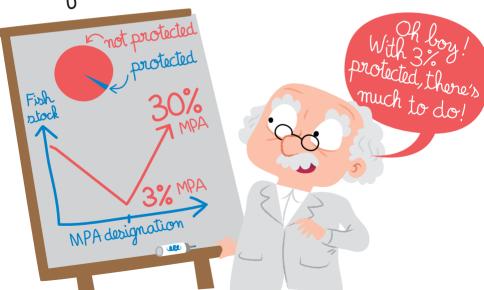


In MPAs, the fish live longer and grow bigger.



And in some places, they have time to lay 20 times more eggs in their lifetimes. 559,879... 1,559,880 ··· OK kids, you are all there This principle is not new. Conservation of natural resources is firmly rooted in Polynesian culture.

According to scientists, at least 30% of the world's ocean must be protected to ensure sustainable fish stocks.



In addition to benefits for fisheries, MPAs can bring international recognition for French Pohynesia.



Preserving biodiversity also promotes development of ecotourism

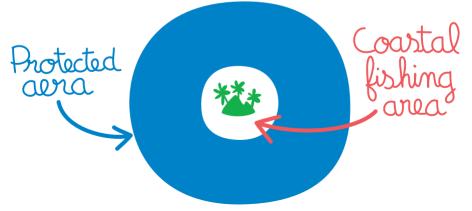


and that's good for our economy!

Creating MPAs is a long process that requires the participation of all concerned to achieve a workable solution.



Different kinds of zones are possible. Some MPAs are shaped like rings around an island to allow local fishing close to shore while protecting fish stocks beyond the coastal fishing zone.



Fishermen are the primary beneficiaries of MPAs and should be fully involved in



In November 2013, French Pohynesia's government pledged to protect at least 20% of its territorial waters.



In Tune 2014, during the visit by the traditional canoe Hokule'a and its crew, more than 50 Polynesian associations pledged to help meet this objective.

Achieving this goal could allow French Polynesia to create one of the largest networks of MPAs world. in the

But the decision to establish MPAs cannot be made without the advice and support of the people:

Who??? Me?? Yes,you!!

So if you want to continue to enjoy local fish and healthy ecosystems with your children and grandchildren...

Get involved. You can help fulfill this goal!



How? Help raise awareness.

Talk to your family, friends at school and work, and send this cartoon book to everyone you know.





For further information, please visit:

globaloceanlegacy.org



THE PEW charitable trusts

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The Pew Charitable Trusts is driven by the power of knowledge to solve today's most challenging problems. Pew applies a rigorous, analytical approach to improve public policy, inform the public, and invigorate civic life.

Together, let's help create a network of large Marine Protected Areas in French Polynesia

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