Snack Foods and Beverages In Michigan Schools

At a glance

- 33 percent of children in Michigan are overweight or obese, compared to one-third nationwide.
- Michigan’s voluntary snack food and beverage policies have been in place since 2010.
- Providing students with access to healthy foods and beverages throughout the school day can improve the health of the state’s 1.6 million schoolchildren.

Children who are overweight or obese—nearly one-third of all children in the United States—are at greater risk for heart disease, Type 2 diabetes, and other chronic diseases. To support children’s health, school districts across the nation are beginning to implement nutrition standards set by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for snack foods and beverages sold outside of school meal programs, such as in vending machines, school stores, and cafeteria a la carte lines.

Recognizing that what children eat affects their health and ability to learn, many states have been working to improve the nutritional quality of snacks for several years. For example, 43 states have some level of policy in place regarding the types of snacks that schools may sell to students. Of these, seven have suggested guidelines; schools are not required to follow them. Very few of the policies in the remaining 36 states are as strong as the Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards from USDA.

Michigan doesn’t have a mandatory policy in place requiring schools to meet nutrition standards for snack foods and beverages, but it does have voluntary guidelines. Therefore, Michigan schools may already be meeting, or even exceeding, components of USDA’s Smart Snacks in Schools rule. At a minimum, Michigan should align its standards with USDA’s rule and take steps toward creating a mandatory policy. Additionally, the state child nutrition agency should adopt policies and procedures that ensure effective implementation of the standards, such as providing:

- Technical assistance and training to schools and districts.
- Opportunities for collaboration and sharing of best practices with other districts in the state.
- Clear guidance on the number of fundraisers per year that each school may exempt from the standards.

* In some municipalities, there may be local policies that have additional requirements that go beyond the state standards. These local policies are not covered in this analysis.
A plan for addressing how schools will be held accountable for meeting USDA’s Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards.

According to recent research, school-age children living in states with strong restrictions on the sale of unhealthy snack foods and beverages in school gained less weight than those in states with no such policies.4 For the majority of the nation’s children, less-healthy snack food choices still far outnumber healthier options such as fruits and vegetables.5 Having a national policy in place will serve as a baseline to ensure that the healthy choice is the easy choice for all students, no matter where they live.

Updating nutrition standards for snack foods and beverages sold in schools is not only a healthy option, but a fiscally sound one as well. Research shows that having nutrition standards in place for snacks and beverages results in more students purchasing USDA-reimbursable school meals, which in turn increases the revenue of school food service departments.6

What children eat and drink at school matters. Every state should fully implement USDA’s Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards and make sure existing state school food policies align with or exceed the national nutrition standards. This will put all of the nation’s schools on an even footing, regardless of their current state policies, and ensure that all kids, no matter what school they attend, have access to healthier snack foods and beverages throughout the school day.

**Endnotes**


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The Kids’ Safe and Healthful Foods Project, a collaboration between The Pew Charitable Trusts and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, provides nonpartisan analysis and evidence-based recommendations to make sure that all foods and beverages sold in U.S. schools are safe and healthful.